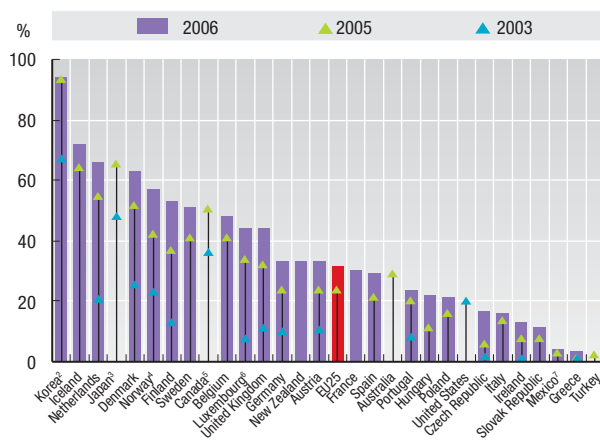


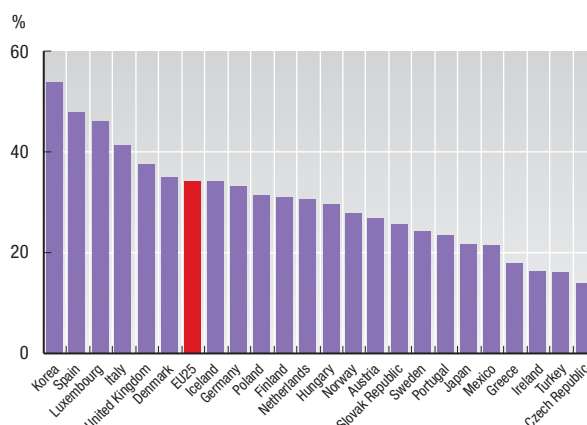
## E.4. BROADBAND AND SECURITY

**Households with broadband access, 2003-06<sup>1</sup>**

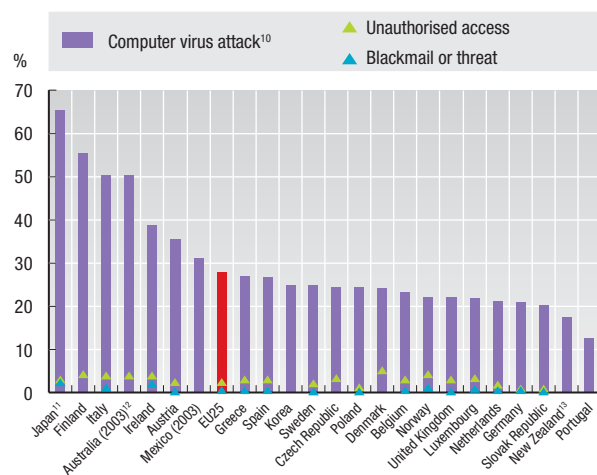
As a percentage of all households

**Individuals who encountered a computer virus by using the Internet, 2005<sup>1, 8</sup>**

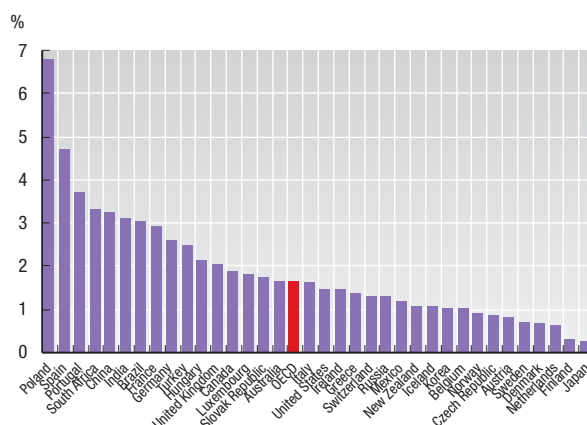

As a percentage of individuals using the Internet

**Businesses that have encountered IT security problems, 2005<sup>9</sup>**

As a percentage of businesses with ten or more employees using the Internet

**Bot-infected computers, December 2006**

Per 100 broadband subscribers

StatLink  <http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/118080287002>

- Generally, data from the EU Community Survey on household use of ICT, which covers EU countries plus Iceland, Norway and Turkey, relate to the first quarter of the reference year. For the Czech Republic, data relate to the fourth quarter of the reference year.
- For 2000 to 2003, data include broadband access modes such as xDSL, cable and other fixed and wireless broadband via computers. As of 2004, data also include mobile phone access.
- Only broadband access via a computer.
- For 2003, data include LAN (wireless or cable).
- Statistics for 2001 and every other year thereafter include the territories (Northwest Territories, Yukon Territory and Nunavut). For the even years, statistics include the ten provinces only.
- For 2004, data include wireless access.
- For 2001 and 2002, households with Internet access via cable. From 2004, households with Internet access via cable, ADSL or fixed wireless.
- Resulting in loss of information or time.
- For European countries, enterprises in the following industries are included: Manufacturing, Construction, Wholesale and retail, Hotels and restaurants, Transport, storage and communication, Real estate, renting and business activities and Other community, social and personal service activities. For Australia, the following industries are excluded: Agriculture, forestry and fishing, Education and religious organisations. For Japan, data refer to enterprises with 100 or more employees and exclude: Agriculture, forestry, fisheries and Mining. For Mexico, data refer to enterprises with 50 or more employees and include: Manufacturing, Services and Construction.
- Resulting in loss of information or time. It is likely that some countries also include other threats such as trojans and worms in this category.
- Defamation, libel, etc., on the web instead of blackmail or threat, data for 2004 instead of 2005.
- Computer virus attack consists just of viruses.
- IT security problems in general.